

1. A method of detecting a reticle option layer in an integrated circuit device comprising:

measuring the current through a first MOS transistor in an integrated circuit device by forcing a test voltage 5 on the drain and the gate wherein said gate and said drain of said first MOS transistor are connected together, wherein the source of said first MOS transistor is connected to a reference voltage, and wherein said first MOS transistor is not parametrically affected by a reticle 10 option layer;

measuring the current through a second MOS transistor in said integrated circuit device by forcing same said test voltage on the drain and the gate wherein said gate and said drain of said second MOS transistor are connected 15 together, wherein the source of said second MOS transistor is connected to a reference voltage, and wherein said second MOS transistor is parametrically affected by said reticle option layer; and

comparing said current through said first MOS 20 transistor and said current through said second MOS transistor to detect the presence of said reticle option layer in said integrated circuit device.

2. The method according to Claim 1 wherein said reticle option layer comprises a threshold voltage implantation.
3. The method according to Claim 1 wherein said reticle option layer comprises one of the group of: polysilicon, metal, and threshold implantation.
4. The method according to Claim 1 wherein said first MOS transistor and said second MOS transistor are the same size, the same direction and in close proximity.
5. The method according to Claim 1 wherein said reticle option layer comprises a combination of reticle layers.
6. The method according to Claim 5 wherein said combination of reticle layers comprises the group of: polysilicon, metal, and threshold implantation.
7. The method according to Claim 1 wherein said measuring of said current through said first MOS transistor and said measuring of said current through said second MOS transistor is by directly probing the die of said integrated circuit device.  
5

8. The method according to Claim 1 wherein said measuring  
of said current through said first MOS transistor and said  
measuring of said current through said second MOS  
transistor is by probing an output pin of packaged said  
5 integrated circuit device.

9. The method according to Claim 1 wherein said first MOS  
transistor and said second MOS transistor comprise one of  
the group of: NMOS transistors and PMOS transistors.

10. A method of detecting a threshold voltage implantation  
reticle option layer in an integrated circuit device  
comprising:

measuring the current through a first MOS transistor  
5 in an integrated circuit device by forcing a test voltage  
on the drain and the gate wherein said gate and said drain  
of said first MOS transistor are connected together,  
wherein the source of said first MOS transistor is  
connected to a reference voltage, and wherein said first  
10 MOS transistor has the standard threshold voltage  
implantation but not the threshold voltage implantation  
reticle option layer;

measuring the current through a second MOS transistor  
in said integrated circuit device by forcing same said test

15     voltage on the drain and the gate wherein said gate and  
      said drain of said second MOS transistor are connected  
      together, wherein the source of said second MOS transistor  
      is connected to a reference voltage, and wherein said  
      second MOS transistor has both said standard threshold  
20     voltage implantation and said threshold voltage  
      implantation reticle option layer; and  
                comparing said current through said first MOS  
      transistor and said current through said second MOS  
      transistor to detect the presence of said threshold voltage  
25     implantation reticle option layer in said integrated  
      circuit device.

11. The method according to Claim 10 wherein said first MOS  
      transistor and said second MOS transistor are the same  
      size, the same direction and in close proximity.

12. The method according to Claim 10 wherein said measuring  
      of said current through said first MOS transistor and said  
      measuring of said current through said second MOS  
      transistor is by directly probing the die of said  
5       integrated circuit device.

13. The method according to Claim 10 wherein said measuring

of said current through said first MOS transistor and said measuring of said current through said second MOS transistor is by probing an output pin of packaged said  
5 integrated circuit device.

14. The method according to Claim 10 wherein said first MOS transistor and said second MOS transistor comprise one of the group of: NMOS transistors and PMOS transistors.

15. A method of detecting a threshold voltage implantation reticle option layer in an integrated circuit device comprising:

selecting a first NMOS transistor in an integrated  
5 circuit device in a first test mode so that the voltage at the drain and the gate of said first NMOS transistor may be measured at an output pin of said integrated circuit device wherein said gate and said drain of said first NMOS transistor are connected together, wherein the source of  
10 said first NMOS transistor is connected to ground, and wherein said first NMOS transistor has the standard threshold voltage implantation but not the threshold voltage implantation reticle option layer;

measuring said voltage at said output pin in said

15 first test mode when an internal standard voltage is  
connected to said drain and said gate through a first  
internal standard resistance;

selecting a second NMOS transistor in said integrated  
circuit device in a second test mode so that the voltage at  
20 the drain and the gate of said second NMOS transistor may  
be measured at said output pin of said integrated circuit  
device wherein said gate and said drain of said second NMOS  
transistor are connected together, wherein the source of  
said NMOS transistor is connected to ground, and wherein  
25 said second NMOS transistor has both said standard  
threshold voltage implantation and said threshold voltage  
implantation reticle option layer;

measuring said voltage at said output pin in said  
second test mode when said internal standard voltage is  
30 connected to said drain and said gate through a second  
internal standard resistance; and

comparing said voltage at said output pin in said  
first test mode with said voltage at said output pin in  
said second test mode to detect the presence of said  
35 threshold voltage implantation reticle option layer in said  
integrated circuit device.

16. The method according to Claim 15 wherein said selecting of said first NMOS transistor is by a multiplex circuit and wherein said selecting of said second NMOS is by a multiplex circuit.

17. The method according to Claim 15 further comprising amplifying said voltage at said drain and said gate of said first NMOS transistor and said second NMOS transistor to thereby generate an amplified drain and gate voltage at 5 said output pin.

18. The method according to Claim 15 wherein said first NMOS transistor and said second NMOS transistor are the same size, the same layout orientation, and in close proximity.

19. The method according to Claim 15 wherein said first internal resistance and said second internal resistance comprise the same resistance value.

20. A method of detecting a threshold voltage implantation reticle option layer in an integrated circuit device comprising:

selecting a first PMOS transistor in an integrated

5       circuit device in a first test mode so that the voltage at  
the drain and the gate of said first PMOS transistor may be  
measured at an output pin of said integrated circuit device  
wherein said gate and said drain of said first NMOS  
transistor are connected together, wherein the source of  
10      said first PMOS transistor is connected to an internal  
standard voltage, and wherein said first PMOS transistor  
has the standard threshold voltage implantation but not the  
threshold voltage implantation reticle option layer;  
  
                measuring said voltage at said output pin in said  
15      first test mode when said drain and said gate are connected  
to ground through a first internal standard resistance;  
  
                selecting a second PMOS transistor in said integrated  
circuit device in a second test mode so that the voltage at  
the drain and the gate of said second PMOS transistor may  
20      be measured at said output pin of said integrated circuit  
device wherein said gate and said drain of said second PMOS  
transistor are connected together, wherein the source of  
said PMOS transistor is connected to said internal standard  
voltage, and wherein said second PMOS transistor has both  
25      said standard threshold voltage implantation and said  
threshold voltage implantation reticle option layer;

measuring said voltage at said output pin in said  
second test mode when said drain and said gate are  
connected to said ground through a second internal standard  
30 resistance; and

comparing said voltage at said output pin in said  
first test mode with said voltage at said output pin in  
said second test mode to detect the presence of said  
threshold voltage implantation reticle option layer in said  
35 integrated circuit device.

21. The method according to Claim 20 wherein said selecting  
of said first PMOS transistor is by a multiplex circuit and  
wherein said selecting of said second PMOS is by a  
multiplex circuit.

22. The method according to Claim 20 further comprising  
amplifying said voltage at said drain and said gate of said  
first PMOS transistor and said second PMOS transistor to  
thereby generate an amplified drain and gate voltage at  
5 said output pin.

23. The method according to Claim 20 wherein said first  
PMOS transistor and said second PMOS transistor are the

same size, the same layout orientation, and in close proximity.

24. The method according to Claim 20 wherein said first internal resistance and said second internal resistance comprise the same resistance value.